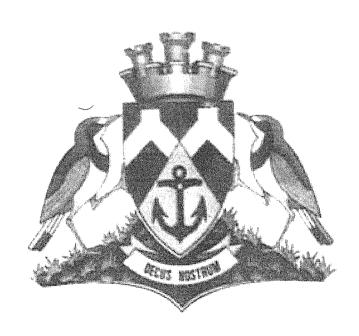
OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY



POLICY FOR THE CALCULATION OF PROVISION FOR BAD DEBTS

1. PURPOSE OF POLICY

The purpose of the policy is to -

a. provide guidelines for the calculation of provision for bad debt:

2. DEFINITIONS

In this policy -

- "Accounting Officer" means the Municipal Manager acting in his or her capacity as accounting officer of the Municipality;
- "Chief Financial Officer" means the Chief Financial Officer acting in his or her capacity as the Head of the finance department of the Municipality
- "Council" means mean the Council of the Municipality;
- "Current assets" comprise debtors, cash, inventories and the short-term portions of investments and long-term debtors of the Municipality;
- "Current liabilities" consist of creditors, bank overdrafts and the short-term portion of long-term loans [liabilities] of the Municipality;
- "Net operating capital" means the difference between current assets and current liabilities of the Municipality;
- "Unfunded funds, reserves and provisions" mean those funds, reserves and provisions not represented by cash.

3. MANAGEMENT OF BAD DEBTS

- a. The accounting officer must make an annual contribution to the bad debts provision in the operating budget of the Municipality.
- b. The total bad debts provision of the Municipality must be equal to A + B + C, where
 - i. A is equal to 50% of all debts outstanding for longer than 120 days;
 - ii. B is equal to 20% of all debts outstanding for between 91 days and 120 days; and

iii. C is equal to 10% of all debts outstanding for between 61 days and 90 days.

Special consideration to be given to debtors with payment arrangements.

- c. If the total provision for bad debts as required in terms of subparagraph 3(b) exceeds ten percent (10%) of the operating budget of the Municipality, the accounting officer must submit a report to the Council in which he or she must report on how the net current assets of the Municipality are managed and therein pay special attention to
 - i. the debtors turnover rate, inventories and creditors;
 - ii. credit management and debt collection; and
 - iii. the bank overdraft.
- **d.** The Council may approve the writing-off of bad debts as per the Bad Debt Write-Off Policy.

4. DELEGATION OF POWER

The accounting officer may delegate his/her responsibilities in terms of this policy to the Chief Financial Officer of the Municipality.